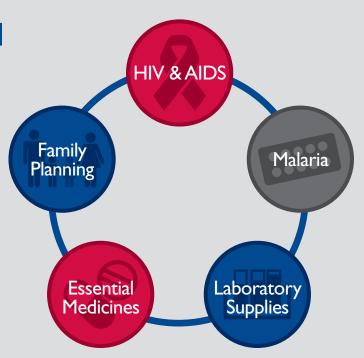


Improving Health Outcomes in Zambia

eLMIS: Automated Data for Integrated Health Logistics Management

Health programs rely on supply chains for adequate quantities and quality of health products for their patients. To meet patient demand and improve health outcomes, Zambia, in collaboration with Tanzania, built an electronic logistics management information system (eLMIS) that includes most major health programs in the country. eLMIS links health facilities with the central store to collect and distribute logistics data in real time. Knowing which medicines are used and which medicines are required helps supply chain managers provide continuity of supply for patients.



Why eLMIS?





Better data visibility for managers



Better decisions regarding stock levels



Reduced stockouts



Better health outcomes

Benefits of eLMIS



Generates cost savings by eliminating books and couriers



Simplifies data gathering, reporting, and authorization through commodity integration



Improves data quality and timeliness



Increases accountability by improving data visibility to managers



Reduces workload for health facility staff and logisticians



Provides access to real time and historical data for more informed decisionmaking



Can adapt to changes in existing and future logistics systems



Developed to interface with other e-tools supporting health initiatives

Potential time-savings by using eLMIS

eLMIS

Manual LMIS



Pharmacist dispenses drugs at a health facility and logs in the information





Health facility staff generate monthly report and order for new supplies

hours



Monthly report and order sent to district for approval



Monthly report and order sent to MSL day to



into the central system

minutes

Time it takes for health facility data to reach the central level



More than

With eLMIS

With manual logistics systems



MSL Staff process the order and supplies are delivered to the health facility





Feedback report sent to the health facility

Estimated times based on observations at sites









